

Nurses and Midwives for Planetary Health: A Call to Action

Our Declaration

As nurses and midwives, we recognise the deep connections between human health and the health of our planet. We declare that the climate crisis is a health crisis and social justice issue, and that it is our professional and moral duty to take action.

The facts are clear

- Our world is warming due to human activity.
- This warming is having severe impacts on human health.
- We have the power and responsibility to address this crisis.

The health impacts of the climate change, biodiversity loss and pollution

Climate change is not a distant threat; it is affecting individuals and communities now:

- Climate-driven extreme weather events: Heat waves, floods, and bushfires increase mortality, respiratory diseases, and mental health issues.
- Ecosystem disruption: Biodiversity loss affects food security, reduces potential for new medicines, and increases risk of zoonotic diseases.
- Air and water quality degradation: Pollution worsens respiratory, cardiovascular and waterborne diseases.
- Vector-borne disease proliferation: Changing climates and habitats expand the range of disease-carrying insects, increasing the prevalence of malaria, Lyme disease, and others.
- Food system instability: Climate change, pollution, and loss of biodiversity threaten crop yields, nutritional quality and food safety.
- Compounding effects on vulnerable populations: The triple planetary threat disproportionately impacts disadvantaged and marginalised communities, exacerbating health inequities.

Our Call to Action

As nurses and midwives, we must:

- 1. Educate ourselves and others by:
 - Confidently discussing climate-related health risks with colleagues and healthcare consumers.
 - Learning and teaching about protective measures for extreme weather events.
 - Identifying and communicating the signs of climate-related illnesses.

2. Recognise and respond to the disproportional impact of climate change on vulnerable, marginalised and disadvantaged populations, including:

- Socio-economically disadvantaged individuals.
- Pregnant women and their unborn children.
- Rural communities.
- People with disabilities.
- Children and older people.
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples.
- Outdoor workers and homeless individuals.

3. Advocate for climate health in all policies, at local, national and global levels by:

- Engaging in community discussions and public forums.
- Developing and disseminating policy briefs on climate change health impacts.
- Collaborating with other healthcare professionals and advocacy groups.
- Calling for integration of health considerations in all decisions related to the extraction and use of fossil fuels.

Together, we can create a healthier future. The health of humanity depends on the health of our planet. As guardians of health, it is our duty to lead the way in this crucial fight. *October 2024.*

Our Commitment

Our Action



 Ward, A. Holmes, M., Tulleners, T. & Levett-Jones, T. (2024). Healthcare in 2050: Climate Breakdown or a Path to Hope? Croakey <u>The hidden costs of climate inaction</u> for Queensland voters – Croakey Health Media